

Seam Welds and In-Line Inspection

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Seam Weld Anomaly Characterization

- Well known list of anomalies per pipe vintage and weld type
- Given variety of inspection tools
 - Best options for anomaly sizing and discrimination may be covered by a single tool or may require multiple technologies



Seam Welds Types

- Butt Welds, Lap and Hammer
- Electrical Resistance
 - Low Frequency
 - > High Frequency
 - > Flash
- Submerged Arc
 - > Single
 - > Double



ILI Technology Types

- Magnetic Flux
 - > Axial
 - > Circumferential
 - > Helical
 - Eddy Currents

- Ultrasonic
 - Compressed
 - > Shear
 - > Guided



ILI vs Anomaly Characteristics

- Metallurgical Variances
 - > Best suited for MFL tools
- Volumetric Anomalies
 - > MFL and Compression Wave UT
- Planar Anomalies
 - > Shear and Guided Wave UT
- Geometric Anomalies
 - Geometry Tools but Shear Wave UT may falsly identify as a planar anomally and tomorrow



Butt Welded Pipe, Lap Welded and Hammer Welded Pipe

Most Probable Issues

- Oxides or foreign material trapped between weld surfaces
- Poor quality welds, Lack of Fusion
- Typically Metallurgical and Volumetric issues WRT In-Line Inspection



Butt Welded Pipe, Lap Welded and Hammer Welded Pipe

Anomaly Identification

- Oxides and foreign bodies provide a very noisy ILI response
- Difficult ILI interpretation for all technologies
- Many false positives



Most Probable Issues

- Hook Cracks
- Lack of Fusion/Stitched welds
- Oxides or foreign material trapped between weld surfaces
- ID/OD Trim Issues
- Contact Marks
- Preferential Corrosion



All anomaly types must be considered

- Metallurgical Variances
- Volumetric Anomalies
- Planar Anomalies
- Geometric Anomalies



Anomaly Identification

- Hook Cracks, Lack of Fusion, Stitching and Surface Breaking Laminations are planar
- Oxides and foreign bodies, Contact Marks are metallurgical and volumetric
- Preferential Corrosion are volumetric
- ID/OD Trim are geometric



- Multiple technologies provide for greater discrimination of anomalies
- Less false positives



Single Arc Welded and Double Submerged-Arc Welded Pipe

Most Probable Issues

- Shrinkage Cracks
- Toe Cracks
- Offset Welds
- Weld Metal Porosity



Single Arc Welded and Double Submerged-Arc Welded Pipe

Anomaly Identification

- Typically newer, cleaner steel
- Shrinkage and Toe Cracks; Planar
- Occasional Laminations and Impurities;
 volumetric



Pipeline Integrity Management

Every joint of pipe is questionable to a certain degree until proven fit for service.