NTSB National Transportation Safety Board

Aviation SMS

Process:

Transferable to Pipelines?

Presentation to:

CRIBEN ENDS

STAL

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<u>Outline</u>

- NTSB's SMS Recommendation
- Model for Organization-Level SMS
- External Issues
 - Role of the Regulator
 - Role of Manufacturers



NTSB Report, Marshall, MI (2012)

- Probable Cause: The rupture and prolonged release were made possible by *pervasive organizational failures* at . . . (Enbridge) that included the following:
 - Deficient integrity management procedures . . .
 - Inadequate training of control center personnel . . .
 - Insufficient public awareness and education . . .
- Finding No. 28. Pipeline safety would be enhanced if pipeline companies implemented safety management systems.
- Recommendation to API: Facilitate the development of a safety management system standard specific to the pipeline industry that is similar in scope to your Recommended Practice 750, Management of Process Hazards.



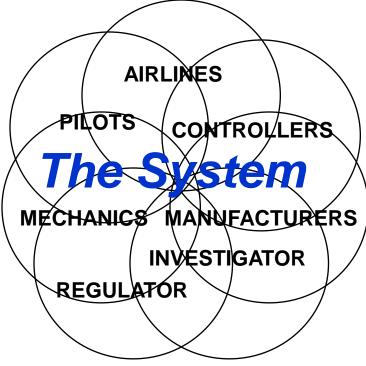
Safety Issues in Complex Systems

More System

Interdependencies

- Large, complex,
 interactive system
- Often tightly coupled
- Hi-tech components
- Continuous innovation
- Ongoing evolution

• Safety Issues Are More Likely to Involve Interactions Between Parts of the System





Effects of Increasing Complexity:

More "Human Error" Because

- System More Likely to be Error Prone
- Operators More Likely to Encounter Unanticipated Situations
- Operators More Likely to Encounter Situations in Which "By the Book" May Not Be Optimal ("workarounds")

5

The Result:

Front-Line Staff Who Are - Highly Trained - Competent - Experienced, -Trying to Do the Right Thing, and - Proud of Doing It Well

... Yet They Still Commit

Inadvertent Human Errors



The Solution: System Think

Understanding how a change in one subsystem of a complex system may affect other subsystems within that system

> Pipeline Safety Management Systems

7

"System Think" via Collaboration

Bringing all parts of a complex system together to collaboratively

- Identify potential issues
- **PRIORITIZE** the issues
- Develop solutions for the prioritized issues
- Evaluate whether the solutions are – Accomplishing the desired result, and – Not creating unintended consequences



When Things Go Wrong

How It Is Now . . .

You are highly trained

and

If you did as trained, you would not make mistakes

so You weren't careful enough How It Should Be . . .

You are human and Humans make mistakes

SO

Let's *also* explore why the system allowed, or failed to accommodate, your mistake

SO

and

You should be **PUNISHED!** Let's **IMPROVE THE SYSTEM!**



Fix the Person or the System?

Is the Person *Clumsy?*

Or Is the Problem . . .

The Step???

Pipeline Safety Management Systems



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Enhance Understanding of Person/System Interactions By:

- Collecting,

- Analyzing, and

- Sharing Information



Objectives:

Make the System (a) Less Error Prone and

(b) More Error Tolerant

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Aviation Industry-Wide Success

83% Decrease in Fatal Accident Rate, 1997 - 2007

largely because of

System Think

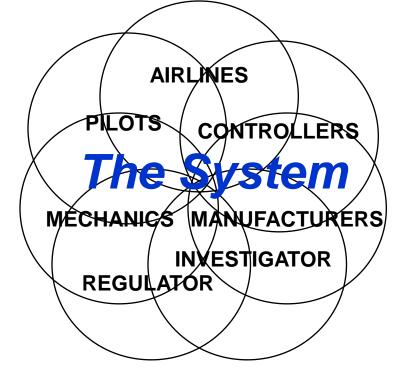
fueled by **Proactive Safety Information Programs**

P.S. Not only did the process improve safety, it also improved productivity!



Aviation "System Think" Process

- Engage <u>All</u> Participants In Identifying Problems and Developing and Evaluating Remedies
- Airlines
- Manufacturers
 - With the systemwide effort
 - With their own end users
- Air Traffic Organizations
- Labor
 - Pilots
 - Mechanics
 - Air traffic controllers



• Regulator(s) [Query: Investigator(s)?]



Moral of the Story

Anyone who is

involved in the problem

should be

involved in the solution





Collaboration: A Major Paradigm Shift

- Old: Regulator identifies a problem and proposes solutions
 - Industry skeptical of regulator's understanding of the problem
 - Industry resists regulator's solutions and/or implements them begrudgingly
- New: Collaborative "System Think"
 - Industry involved in identifying problem
 - Industry "buy-in" re interventions because everyone had input, everyone's interests considered
 - Prompt and willing implementation
 - Interventions evaluated ... and tweaked as needed
 - Solutions probably more effective and efficient
 - Unintended consequences much less likely



Challenges of Collaboration

- Human nature: "I'm doing great . . . the problem is everyone else"
- Differing and sometimes competing interests
 - Labor-management issues
 - May be potential co-defencants
- Regulator probably not welcome
- Not a democracy
 - Regulator must regulate
- Requires all to be willing, in their enlightened self-interest, to leave their "comfort zone" and think of the System



System Think at Other Levels?

- "System Think" can be successful at any macro/micro level, including
 - Entire industry
 - Company (some or all)
 - Type of activity
 - Facility
 - Team
- Persistent workplace problem?



External Factors: The Regulator's Role

- Emphasize the importance of System issues in addition to (not instead of) worker issues
 - Encourage and participate in industry-wide "System Think"
- Facilitate collection and analysis of information
 - Clarify and announce policies for protecting information
 and those who provide it
 - Encourage other industry participants to do the same
- Recognize that compliance is very important, but the mission is reducing systemic risk



External Factors (con't): The Manufacturer's Role

Some aircraft manufacturers seek input, from the earliest design phases, from

- Pilots (<u>User</u> Friendly)
- Mechanics (Maintenance Friendly)
- Air Traffic Services (System Friendly)



Conclusions

- A properly structured collaborative safety improvement process includes all SMS elements
- The industry-level collaboration success provides a model for collaboration at the operator level
- The regulator plays a key role in enabling operator creation of a collaborative process
- Manufacturers can also play a role in improving an operator's collaborative process



Thank You!!!



Questions?



