



# Leak Detection and Recent Emissions Research Activities from US EPA's Air, Climate, and Energy Program

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US EPA/Office of Research and Development/Air, Climate, and Energy National Research Program

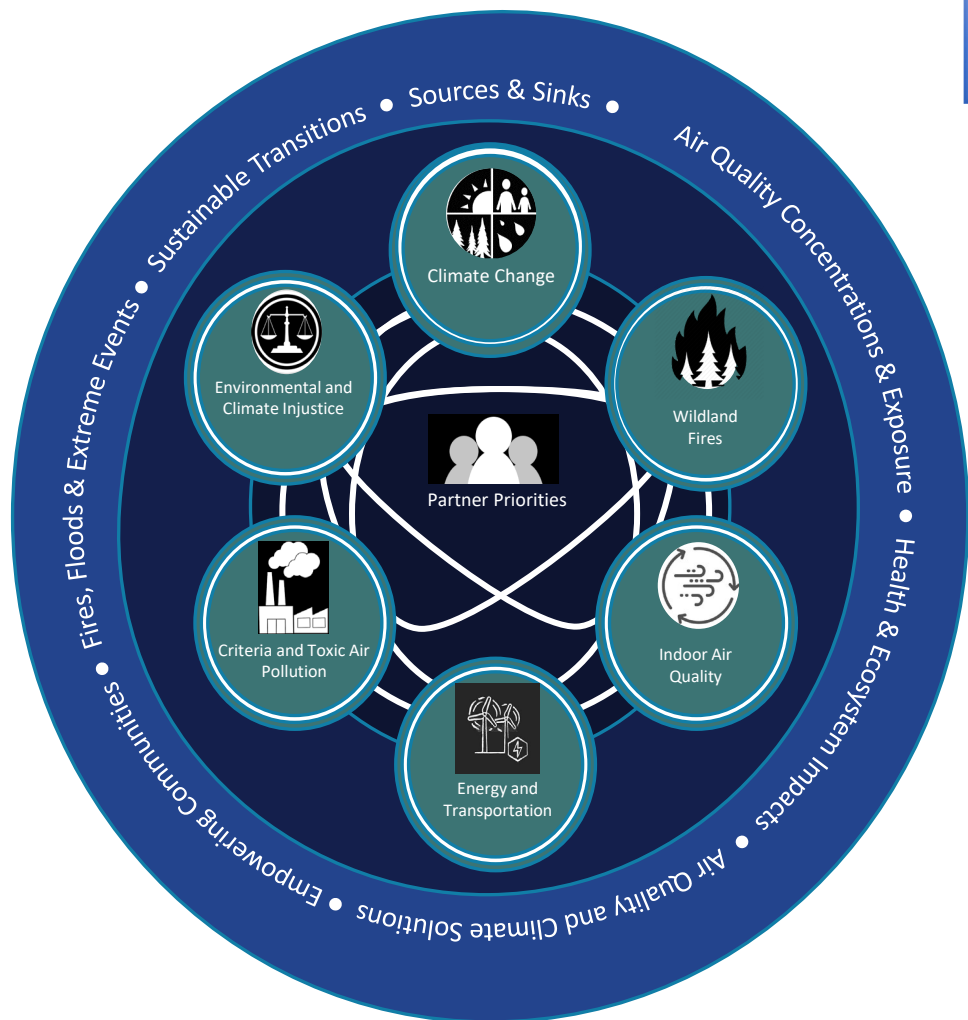
US Department of Transportation

Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration R&D Forum

October 31, 2023

# Air, Climate, and Energy Research Program

A holistic vision to reduce environmental and health inequities AND respond to the impacts of climate change.



## Topic 1: UNDERSTANDING Air Pollution and Climate Change and Their Impacts on Human Health and Ecosystems

**Research Area 1:**  
Sources and Sinks of Air Pollution and Climate Forcers

**Research Area 2:**  
Air Quality Concentrations and Exposure  
Characterization: Measurements

**Research Area 3:**  
Air Quality Concentrations and Exposure  
Characterization: Modeling

**Research Area 4:**  
Health Impacts of Air Pollution and Climate Change

**Research Area 5:**  
Ecosystem Impacts of Air Pollution and Climate Change

## Topic 2: RESPONDING to Risks and Impacts and Preparing for the Future

**Research Area 6:**  
Scientific Support for Climate Change and Air Quality Policy Solutions

**Research Area 7:**  
Empowering communities and individuals to improve public health

**Research Area 8:**  
Responding to Risks of Fires, Floods, and Other Extreme Events

**Research Area 9:**  
Transitions to a Sustainable Future

**Air, Climate, and Energy Strategic Research Action Plan (Fiscal Years 2023-2026)**



# EPA-ORD Interest in Emissions and Leaks

Provide high quality scientific and technical information and data for:

- National emissions inventories
- International reporting (e.g. GHG reporting)
- Regulatory and voluntary emissions reductions programs

Research to improve measurement of emissions from multiple sectors and sources

Fugitive emissions (leaks), malfunctions, and area sources:

- Unexpected or unknown until discovered
- Difficult to measure and control
- Difficult to represent in inventories
- Difficult to model (impacts are uncertain)
- Potentially located near populations





# Next Generation Emission Measurements (NGEM)

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*ORD collaborates with industry, state and local regulators, communities and technology companies to develop and use new measurement and information technologies to better protect the environment, create more efficient emission management strategies, and improve community wellbeing.*

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*1. Quick Response (QR) code links to EPA's NGEM website  
Individually numbered QR codes will be used throughout with a full list of QR code addresses found at the end of the presentation*





# Problem: malfunction on an oil and gas site

Normally invisible, but seen with NGEM



*Courtesy of D. Lyon, EDF  
(now at US EPA)*

- VOC and methane emission
- Made visible by NGEM
- Unmanned site operation
- When did it start?
- How long did it last?

*This source is easily detectable by several forms of NGEM*

*Need to find it and fix it fast*



# NGEM combines multiple types of data collection



Fenceline Sensors

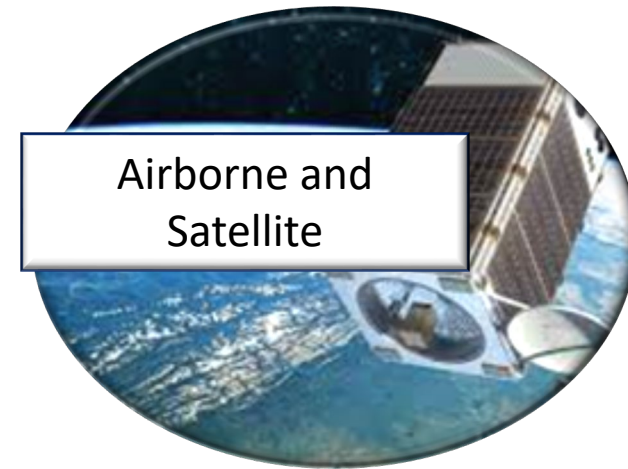


In-plant Sensors

Near-source Sampling



Open-path Fenceline



Airborne and Satellite



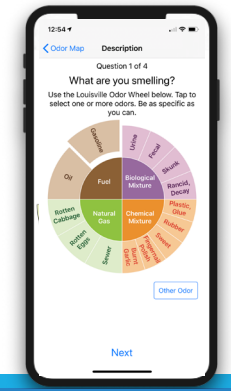
Optical Gas Imaging

Participatory Science (EPA Odor Explore App)

Mobile Measurements



Field Instruments





# NGEM combines multiple types of information

- Air pollutant and wind data
- Emission source modeling
- Optimally acquired laboratory samples
- Odor information near sources

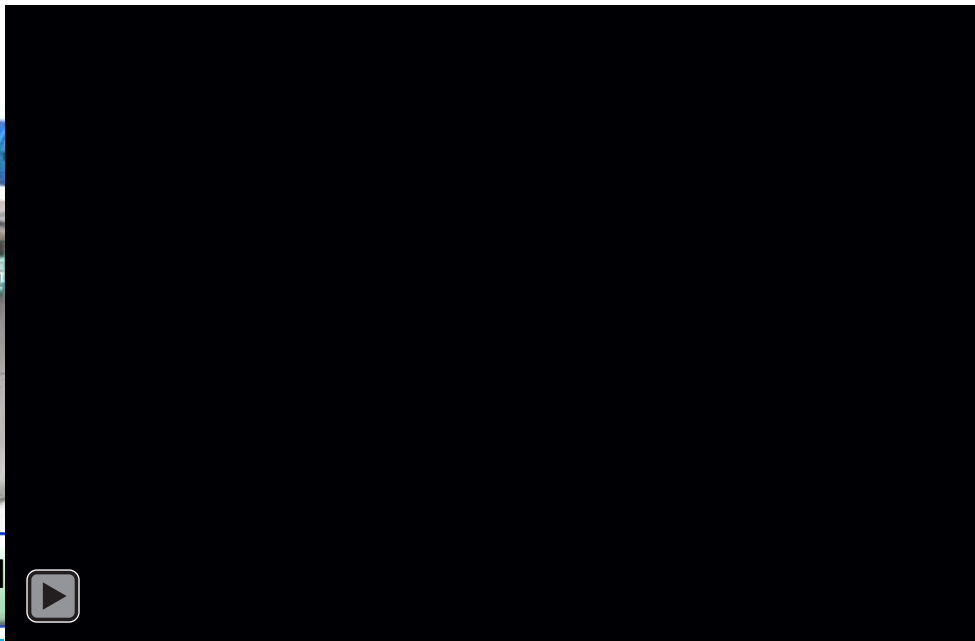
EPA Beta Odor Explore App



Measurements



Lab anal



Source simulation modeling



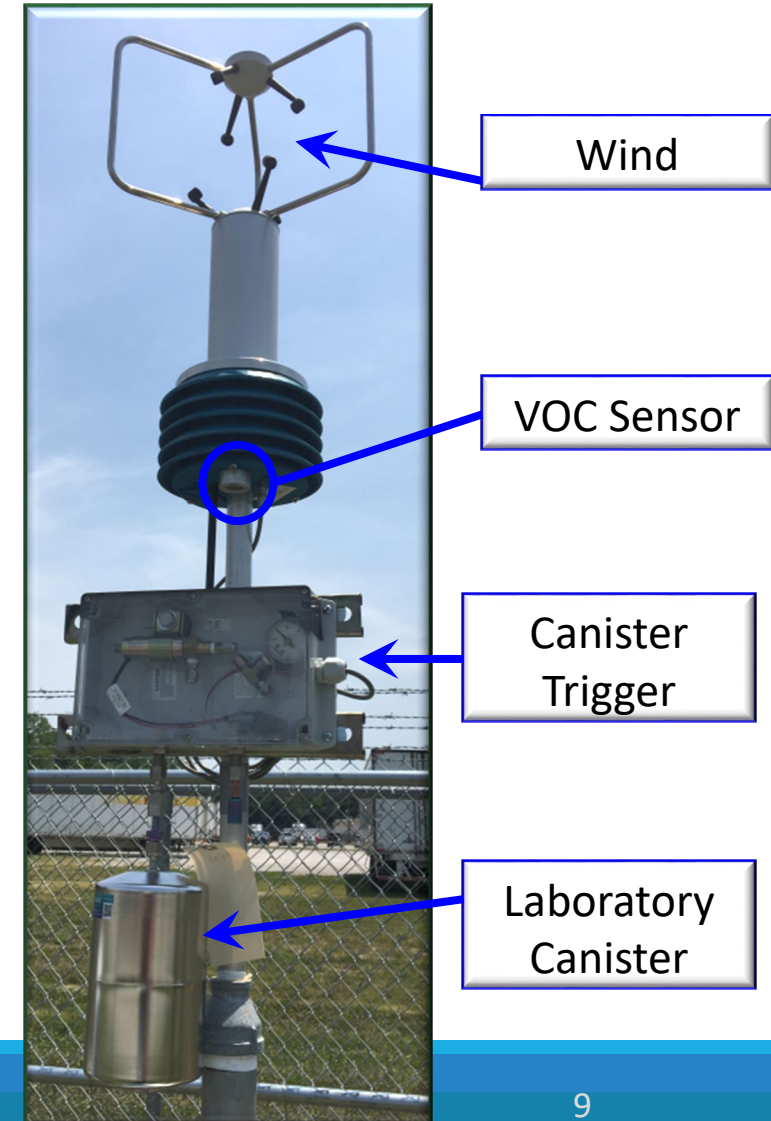
Community supplied data





# EPA ORD has helped advance NGEM technologies

- Example: **S**Pod **V**OC fenceline sensor
- EPA's prototype sensor pod (SPod) combines non-specified VOC and wind information to help detect, locate, and quantify nearby emission sources
- SPods can automatically trigger a canister grab sample while in an emission plume for laboratory analysis to determine what is in the air
- Commercial variations of the SPod are now being used by industry, regulators, and community groups







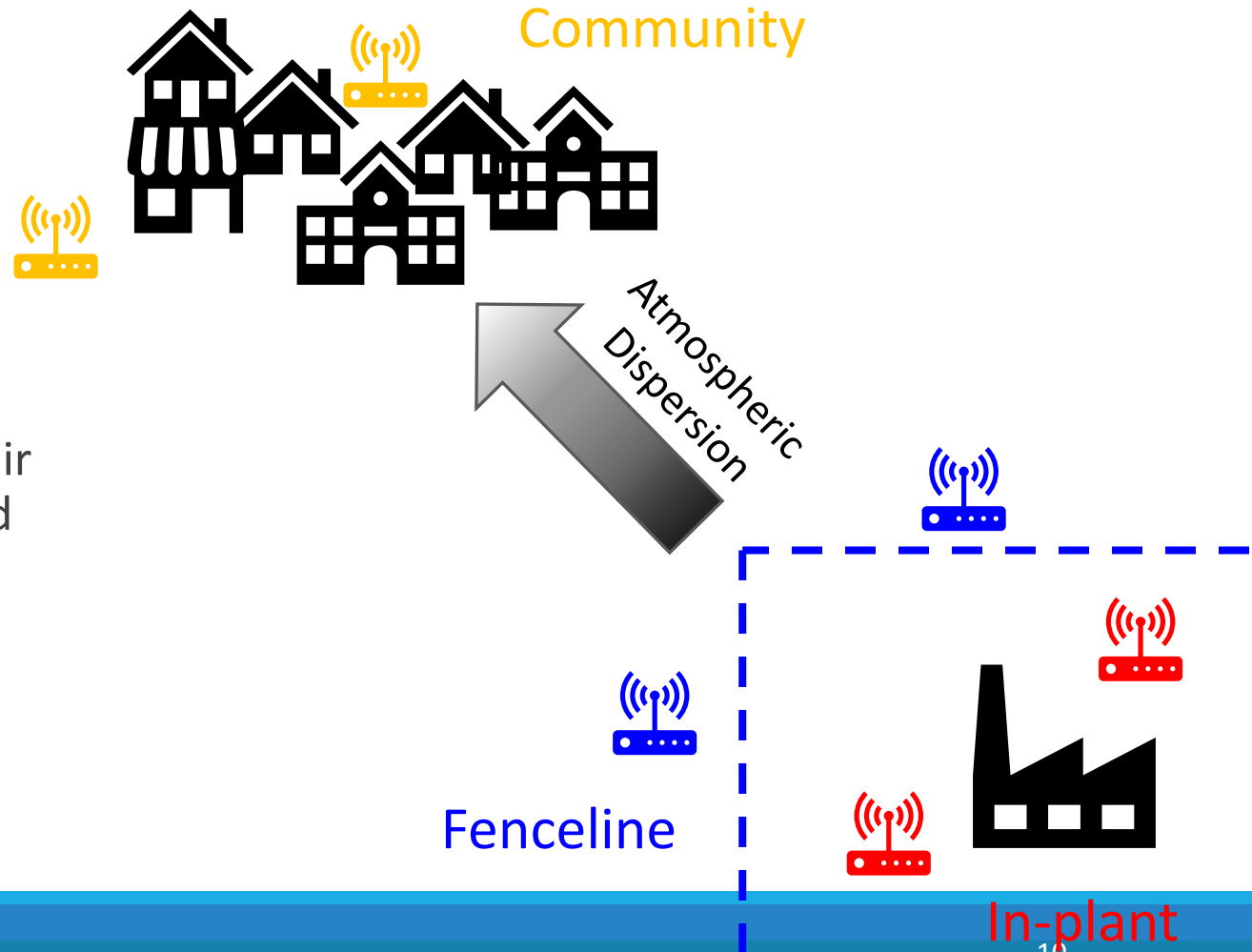
# Requirements vary by application and distance

## Near emission sources:

- Lower sensitivity technologies
- Detect a group of compounds (e.g., VOC sensors)

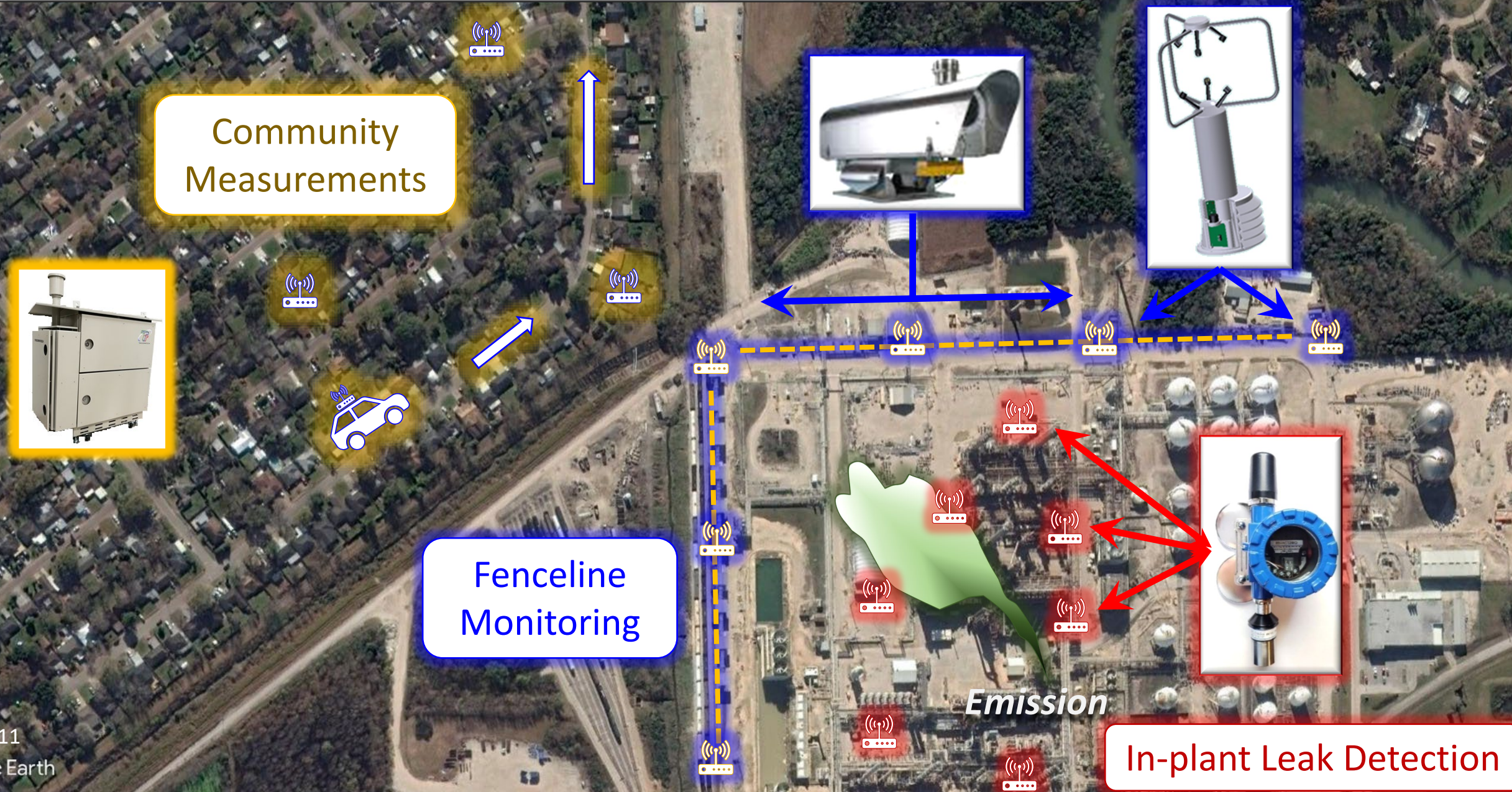
## Farther from emission sources:

- Higher sensitivity technologies
- Compound-specific instruments for certain air toxics like ethylene oxide, 1,3-butadiene, and benzene





# NGEM approaches vary by distance to the emission source



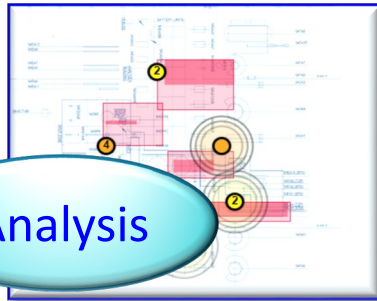




# In-plant leak detection sensor network



Sensors



Analysis



Response

- Developed with industry
- VOC sensors placed in many locations inside the facility “stand watch” for leaks
- Automated analysis sends alerts
- Repair crews find the issue and fix it faster



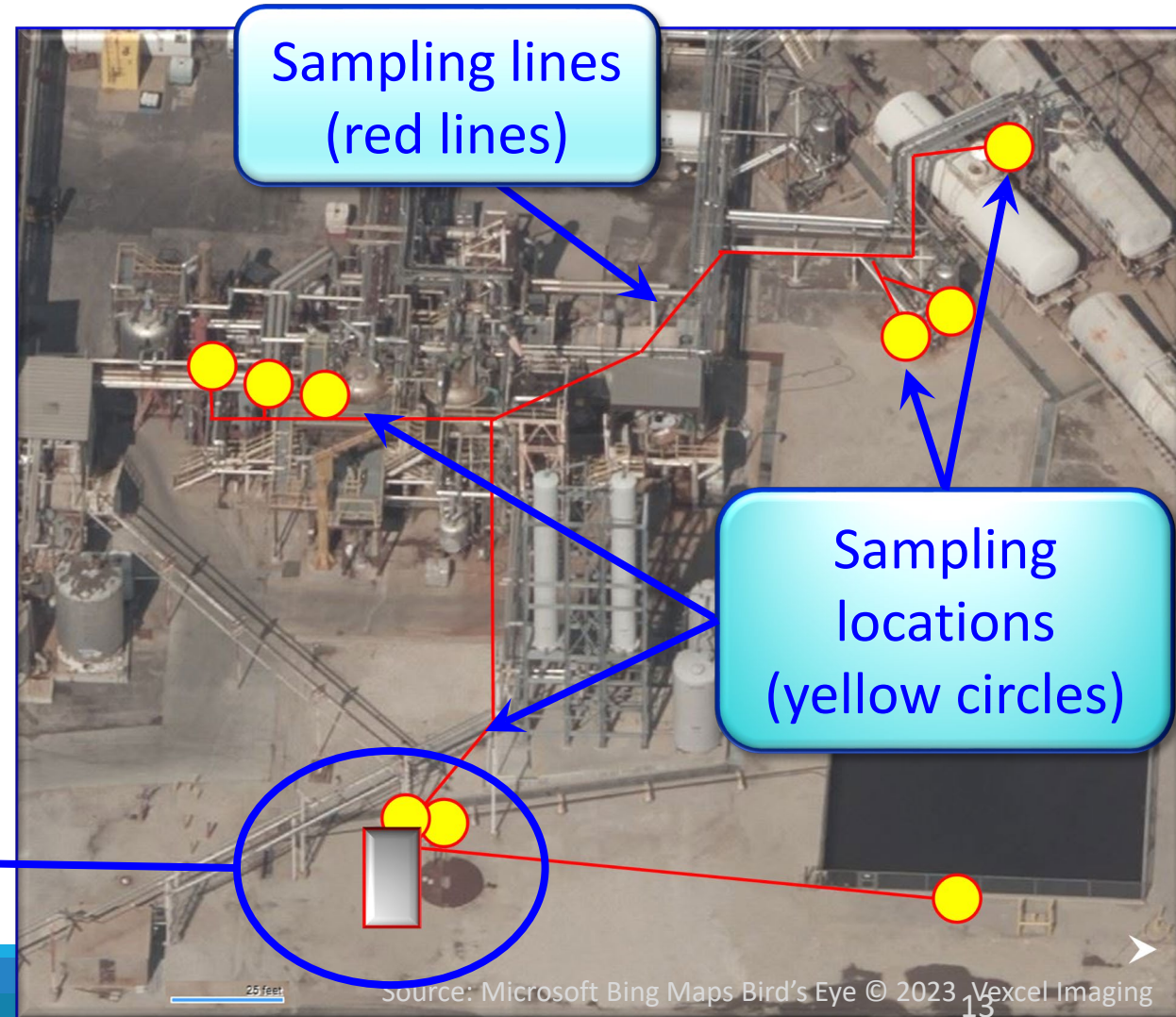


# In-plant leak detection for toxic air pollutants

- Developed with industry
- For some air pollutants, we need to measure the specific compound
- We need higher performance and more expensive NGEM instruments
- In these cases, the air sample is brought to the NGEM instrument by long sampling lines



NGEM  
Instrument  
located here

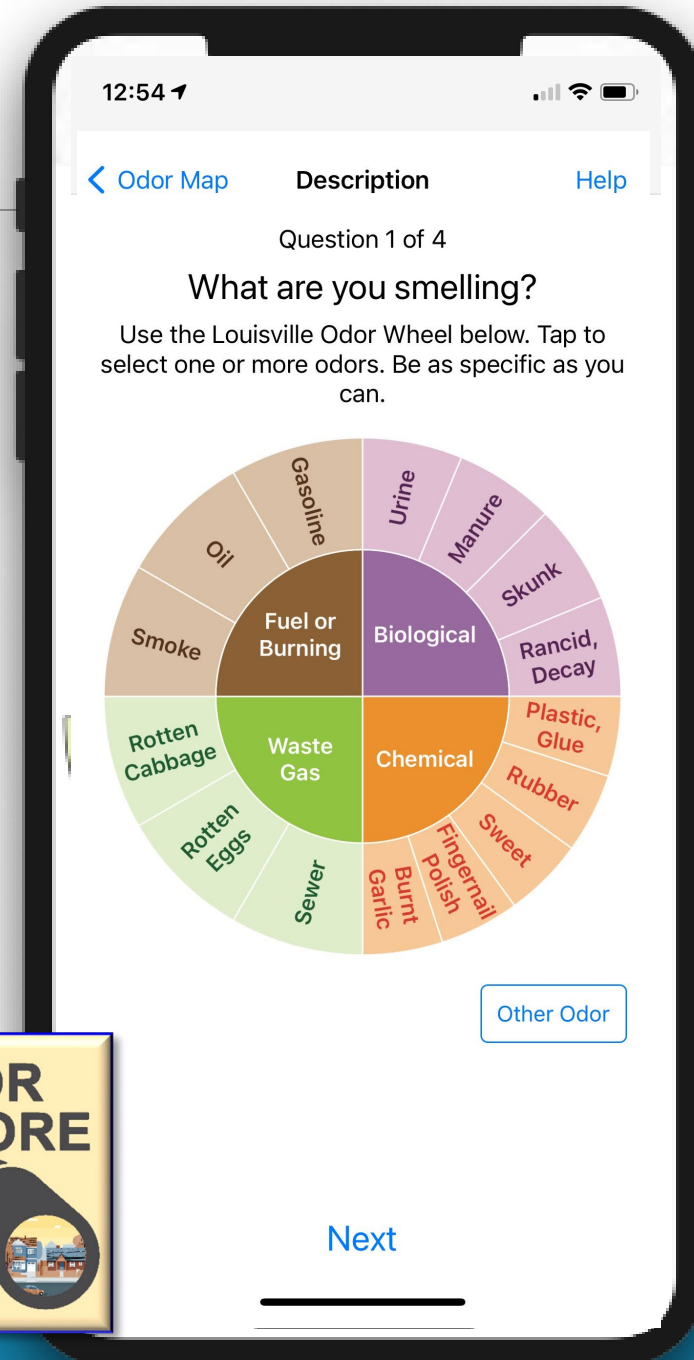






# EPA's Odor Explore App and ROCS

- EPA's [Odor Explore App](#) adds new dimensions to odor reporting (in pilot testing)
- Reporting an odor is easy and intuitive
- Trigger canister samples during odor events using new remotely operated canister samplers (ROCS)
- Combine odor data with other NGEM measures to support solution development
- [Study](#) in Rubbertown (industrial area of Louisville, Kentucky)





# Examples of NGEM usage

- Industry is beginning to use NGEM in oil and gas production, petrochemical facilities, and landfills to reduce emissions
- Regulators are beginning to use NGEM to inform compliance with existing regulations, write new measurement-based rules, and use newly available data to improve source emissions inventories

EPA Refinery  
Fenceline  
Monitoring



Canada  
Petrochemical  
Fenceline  
Monitoring



South Coast  
AQMD Fenceline  
Air Monitoring  
Rule 1180



Bay Area AQMD  
Refining  
Emissions  
Tracking



California Air  
Pollution  
Assembly Bill



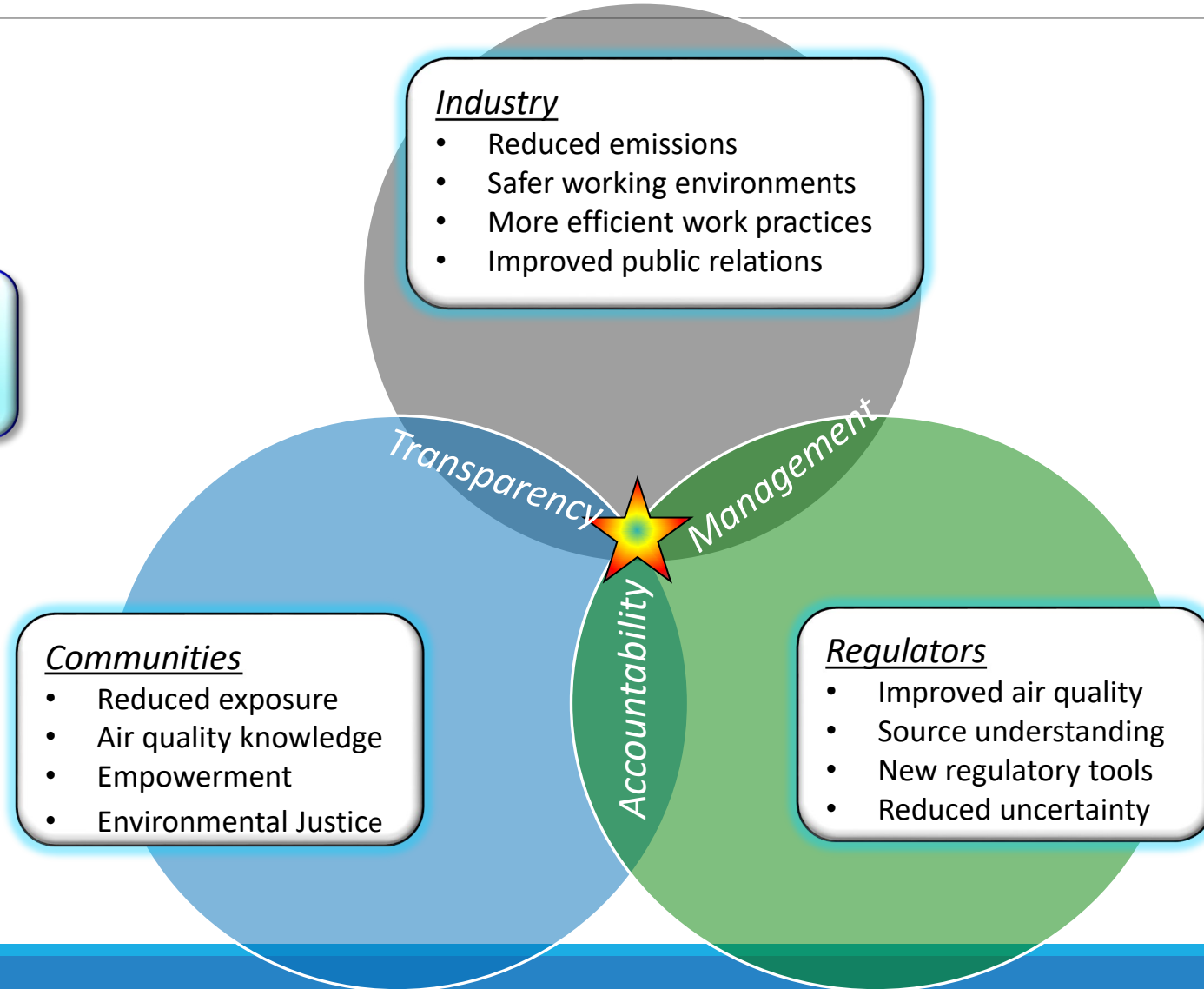
Colorado Act  
Concerning  
Emission of Air  
Toxics





# NGEM benefits industry, regulators, and communities

*Thanks!*







# Experts

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Wyatt Champion ( <a href="mailto:champion.wyatt@epa.gov">champion.wyatt@epa.gov</a> ):	Fenceline communities, NGEM modeling, tank emissions
Rachelle Duvall ( <a href="mailto:duvall.rachelle@epa.gov">duvall.rachelle@epa.gov</a> ):	EPA Odor Explore App and participatory science
Ingrid George ( <a href="mailto:george.ingrid@epa.gov">george.ingrid@epa.gov</a> ):	VOC analysis, ROCS, field air toxics NGEM
Ali Gitipour ( <a href="mailto:gitipour.ali@epa.gov">gitipour.ali@epa.gov</a> ):	Air toxics instrumentation and near-source NGEM
Megan MacDonald ( <a href="mailto:macdonald.megan@epa.gov">macdonald.megan@epa.gov</a> ):	NGEM data management, analytics, and SENTINEL App
Eben Thoma ( <a href="mailto:thoma.eben@epa.gov">thoma.eben@epa.gov</a> ):	Industrial use of NGEM and general questions

# Webinars

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*NGEM Emission Measurements: Helping to Improve Air Quality and Source Understanding*



**[ACE Research Webinar](#)** October 17, 2023

Presenters: Eben Thoma & Rachelle Duvall

**[Sensor Pods for Volatile Organic Compound Fenceline Monitoring and Data Analysis](#)**



Webinar, December 1, 2022

Presenters: Eben Thoma & Megan MacDonald

# QA code web addresses cited in this presentation

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